

CONTAINS NO CBI

Chemical Company

• 49 RUTHERFORD STREET P.O. BOX 128

NEWARK, N.J. 07101 201-589-0880

CERTIFIED MAIL (RRR) P 939 954 845)

July 6, 1989

Document Processing Center Office of Toxic Substances, TS-790 U.S. Environmental Protection Agency 401 M STreet, SW Washington, DC 20460

Attention: CAIR Reporting Office

Gentlemen:

Pursuant to Comprehensive Assessment Information Rule (40 CFR 704), as a processor of trade name product containing Toluene Diisocyanate, we are submitting duly completed reporting form (EPA Form 7710-52). According to instructions from our supplier the product is being reported under CAS registry number 26471-62-5

Very truly yours,

Adco Chemical Company

Steven C. Holland, Manager

SCH:JP

5710A



Form Approved OMB No. 2010-0019 Approval Expires 12-31-89



UNITED STATES ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY Comprehensive Assessment Information Rule REPORTING FORM

When completed, send this form to:

Document Processing Center Office of Toxic Substances, TS-790 U.S. Environmental Protection Agency 401 M Street, SW Washington, DC 20460 Attention: CAIR Reporting Office

For Agency Use Only: Date of Receipt: _____ Document Control Number: Docket Number:

SECTION 1 GENERAL MANUFACTURER, IMPORTER, AND PROCESSOR INFORMATION

PART	A G	ENERAL REPORTING INFORMATION
1.01	Thi	s Comprehensive Assessment Information Rule (CAIR) Reporting Form has been
CBI	com	pleted in response to the <u>Federal Register Notice of $[\frac{1}{mo}, \frac{1}{mo}]$ $[\frac{1}{2}]$ $[\frac{1}{8}]$ year</u>
<u> </u>	a.	If a Chemical Abstracts Service Number (CAS No.) is provided in the Federal
		Register, list the CAS No $[0]\overline{2}\overline{6}\overline{4}\overline{7}\overline{7}\overline{7}\overline{7}\overline{7}\overline{7}\overline{7}\overline{7}\overline{7}7$
	b.	If a chemical substance CAS No. is not provided in the <u>Federal Register</u> , list either (i) the chemical name, (ii) the mixture name, or (iii) the trade name of the chemical substance as provided in the <u>Federal Register</u> . NA
		(i) Chemical name as listed in the rule
		(ii) Name of mixture as listed in the rule
		(iii) Trade name as listed in the rule
	c.	If a chemical category is provided in the <u>Federal Register</u> , report the name of the category as listed in the rule, the chemical substance CAS No. you are reporting on which falls under the listed category, and the chemical name of the substance you are reporting on which falls under the listed category.
		Name of category as listed in the rule
		CAS No. of chemical substance []]]]]]]]]] [] []] Name of chemical substance
		Name of Chemical Substance
1.02	Ide	entify your reporting status under CAIR by circling the appropriate response(s).
CBI	Man	ufacturer 1
[_]	Imp	orter 2
	Pro	cessor
	X/F	manufacturer reporting for customer who is a processor4
	X/F	processor reporting for customer who is a processor
[_]	Mark	(X) this box if you attach a continuation sheet.

1.03	Does the substance you are reporting on have an " x/p " designation associated with it in the above-listed <u>Federal</u> <u>Register</u> Notice?					
CBI	Yes $[\overline{\succeq}]$ Go to question 1.04					
()	No	D 5				
1.04	a. Do you manufacture, import, or process the listed substance and distribute it under a trade name(s) different than that listed in the <u>Federal Register</u> Notice? Circle the appropriate response.	?				
[<u>]</u>]	Yes					
	b. Check the appropriate box below: N/A	(2				
	[] You have chosen to notify your customers of their reporting obligations					
	Provide the trade name(s)					
	[] You have chosen to report for your customers [] You have submitted the trade name(s) to EPA one day after the effective date of the rule in the Federal Register Notice under which you are	-				
1.05 CBI	reporting. If you buy a trade name product and are reporting because you were notified of your reporting requirements by your trade name supplier, provide that trade name. Trade name					
[_]	Is the trade name product a mixture? Circle the appropriate response.	_				
	Yes	1 (2				
1.06 CBI	Certification The person who is responsible for the completion of this form must sign the certification statement below:					
[_]	"I hereby certify that, to the best of my knowledge and belief, all information entered on this form is complete and accurate." Steven C Holland 7/5/89 NAME SIGNATURE DATE SIGNED	-				
	Mgr. (201) 589 - 0880 TELEPHONE NO.					
[_]	ark (X) this box if you attach a continuation sheet.	•				

1.07 <u>CBI</u> [_]	Exemptions From Reporting If you have provided EPA or another Federal agency with the required information on a CAIR Reporting Form for the listed substance within the past 3 years, and this information is current, accurate, and complete for the time period specified in the rule, then sign the certification below. You are required to complete section 1 of this CAIR form and provide any information now required but not previously submitted. Provide a copy of any previous submissions along with your Section 1 submission.				
	information which I have not inc	best of my knowledge and belief, a cluded in this CAIR Reporting Form and is current, accurate, and comp	has been submitted		
	NAME	SIGNATURE	DATE SIGNED		
	TITLE	TELEPHONE NO.	DATE OF PREVIOUS SUBMISSION		
1.08 <u>CBI</u> [_]	CBI Certification If you have asserted any CBI claims in this report you must certify that the following statements truthfully and accurately apply to all of those confidentiality claims which you have asserted. "My company has taken measures to protect the confidentiality of the information, and it will continue to take these measures; the information is not, and has not been, reasonably ascertainable by other persons (other than government bodies) by using legitimate means (other than discovery based on a showing of special need in a judicial or quasi-judicial proceeding) without my company's consent; the information is not publicly available elsewhere; and disclosure of the information would cause substantial harm to my company's competitive position."				
	NAME	SIGNATURE	DATE SIGNED		
	TITLE	TELEPHONE NO.	_		
	Mark (X) this box if you attach a				

PART	B CORPORATE DATA
1.09	Facility Identification
CBI	Name $[A]D[C]o][C]H[E]M[i]C[A]L[C]o[M[P]A[N]Y[L]]$
[_]	Address $[4]9]$ $[R]$
	[<u>[]]][]]]]]]]]]]]]]]]]]]]]]]]]]]]]]]]</u>
	[<u>N</u>] <u>v</u>] [<u>0</u>] <u>v</u>] <u>5</u>][]]]] State
	Dun & Bradstreet Number
	EPA ID Number
	Employer ID Number [2]2]0]8]7]0]3]5]
	Primary Standard Industrial Classification (SIC) Code
	Other SIC Code
	Other SIC Code
1.10	Company Headquarters Identification SAME AS 1.09
<u>CBI</u>	Name [_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]
[_]	Address [_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]
	[_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]
	[_]_] [_]_]_]_]_][_]]]]]]
	Dun & Bradstreet Number
	Employer ID Number

1.	. 11	Parent Company Identification N/A
<u>C1</u>	<u>BI</u>	Name [_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]]]]]]]]
[]	_]	Address [_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]
		[_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]
		[_]_] [_]]]]][_]]]]]]]]]]]
		Dun & Bradstreet Number
1	.12	Technical Contact
<u>C</u> !	<u>BI</u>	Name $[\underline{T}]\underline{o}]\underline{H}\underline{N}]\underline{B}\underline{R}\underline{o}\underline{o}\underline{K}\underline{S}\underline{J}\underline{J}\underline{J}\underline{J}\underline{J}\underline{J}\underline{J}\underline{J}\underline{J}J$
	_]	Title $[P]L]ANJT]MANJAJGERJJJJJJJJJJJJJJJJJJJJJJJJJJJJJJJJJJ$
		Address $[4]9]$ R D R
		[<u>N] [] [] [] [] [] [] [] []</u>
		[<u>N] v</u>] [<u>0</u>] 7] <u>7</u>] 0] <u>5</u>] [<u>]</u>]] <u>7</u>]
		Telephone Number $\{\overline{2}\ \overline{o}\ \overline{I}\] - [\overline{5}\] \overline{8}\] \overline{9}\] - [\overline{o}\] \overline{8}\] \overline{9}\] \overline{9}\]$
1	.13	This reporting year is from $[\overline{o}] \overline{/}] [\overline{g}] \overline{g}]$ to $[\overline{f}] \overline{2}] [\overline{g}] \overline{g}]$
		\cdot
]	Mark (X) this box if you attach a continuation sheet.

1.1	14	Facility Acquired If you purchased this facility during the reporting year, provide the following information about the seller:
CB1	<u>t</u>	Name of Seller [_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]
[_	_]	Mailing Address [_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]
		[_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]
		[_]_] [_]_]_]_][_]_]_]_]_ State
		Employer ID Number
		Date of Sale
		Contact Person [_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]
		Telephone Number
1.1	15	Facility Sold If you sold this facility during the reporting year, provide the following information about the buyer:
СВ	Ī	Name of Buyer [_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]
[_	_]	Mailing Address [_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]
		[_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]
		[_]_] [_]_]_]_][_]_]_]_]_]]] State
		Employer ID Number
		Date of Purchase
		Contact Person [_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]
		Telephone Number
[_	_]	Mark (X) this box if you attach a continuation sheet.

<u>CBI</u>	was manufactured, imported, or processed at your facility during the Classification	Quantity (kg/yr)
_	Manufactured	
	Imported	
	Processed (include quantity repackaged)	. 395, 266
	Of that quantity manufactured or imported, report that quantity:	
	In storage at the beginning of the reporting year	· · NA
	For on-site use or processing	·
	For direct commercial distribution (including export)	<u></u>
	In storage at the end of the reporting year	WA
	Of that quantity processed, report that quantity:	
	In storage at the beginning of the reporting year	. 20,964
	Processed as a reactant (chemical producer)	*
	Processed as a formulation component (mixture producer)	
	Processed as an article component (article producer)	·· NA
	Repackaged (including export)	<u>NA</u>
	In storage at the end of the reporting year	_

[[]__] Mark (X) this box if you attach a continuation sheet.

	Mixture If the listed substance on which you are required to report is a mixture or a component of a mixture, provide the following information for each component chemical. (If the mixture composition is variable, report an average percentage of each component chemical for all formulations.)				
[]	Component Name	Supplier Name	Average % Composition by Weigh (specify precision, e.g., 45% ± 0.5%)		
			Total 100%		
			100%		

2.04	State the quantity of the listed substance that your facility manufactured, imported, or processed during the 3 corporate fiscal years preceding the reporting year in descending order.
<u>CBI</u>	
[_]	Year ending $[\overline{\underline{I}}]\overline{\underline{z}}$ $[\overline{\underline{g}}]\overline{\underline{\gamma}}$ Mo. $[\overline{\underline{g}}]\overline{\underline{\gamma}}$
	Quantity manufactured O kg
	Quantity imported O kg
	Quantity processed
	Year ending $[\overline{I}, \overline{I}, I$
	Quantity manufactured o kg
	Quantity imported o kg
	Quantity processed
	Year ending $[\overline{I}]\underline{Z}$ $[\overline{g}]\underline{5}$ Mo. $[\overline{g}]\underline{5}$
	Quantity manufactured b kg
	Quantity imported o kg
	Quantity processed
2.05 CBI	Specify the manner in which you manufactured the listed substance. Circle all appropriate process types. N/A
[_]	Continuous process
	Semicontinuous process
	Batch process
	- Daten process
[_]	Mark (X) this box if you attach a continuation sheet.

2.06 CBI	Specify the manner in wappropriate process type		the listed substance.	Circle all
[_]	Continuous process		•••••	
	Semicontinuous process			
	Batch process			
2.07 CBI	State your facility's r substance. (If you are question.)			
[_]	Manufacturing capacity			kg/yr
	Processing capacity			kg/yr
<u>CBI</u>	manufactured, imported, year, estimate the incrvolume.			
	Amount of increase			
		4/4	-	
	Amount of decrease		N/A	0
[_]	Mark (X) this box if yo	u attach a continuat	ion sheet.	

2.09	For the three largest volume manufacturing or processing process types involving the listed substance, specify the number of days you manufactured or processed the listed substance during the reporting year. Also specify the average number of hours per day each process type was operated. (If only one or two operations are involved, list those.)					
<u>CBI</u>			Days/Year	Average Hours/Day		
	Process Type #1	(The process type involving the largest quantity of the listed substance.)				
		Manufactured	H/A	M/A		
		Processed	220	5		
	Process Type #2	(The process type involving the 2nd largest quantity of the listed substance.)	4/A			
		Manufactured				
		Processed		·		
	Process Type #3	(The process type involving the 3rd largest quantity of the listed substance.)				
		Manufactured				
		Processed		-		
2.10 <u>CBI</u> [_]	-	um daily inventory and average monthly inventor was stored on-site during the reporting year in				
	Maximum daily i	nventory	• •	kg		
	Average monthly	inventory		kg		
[_]	Mark (X) this b	ox if you attach a continuation sheet.				

2.11 <u>CBI</u> [_]	Related Product Types List any byproducts, coproducts, or impurities present to the listed substance in concentrations greater than 0.1 percent as it is manufactured, imported, or processed. The source of byproducts, coproducts, or impurities means the source from which the byproducts, coproducts, or impurities are made or introduced into the product (e.g., carryover from raw material, reaction product etc.). According to the MANUFACTURER OF THE TRADE NAME PRODUCTS OR IMPURITE CONTAINING THE LISTED SUBSTANCE, NO BYPRODUCTS, COPRODUCTS OR IMPURITE Source of					
	ARE PRESENT	IN IT.		Concentration	products, Co-	
			Coproduct	(%) (specify \pm	products, or	
	CAS No.	Chemical Name	or Impurity 1	(%) (specify \pm precision)	Impurities	
	¹ Use the follow B = Byproduct	ing codes to designate b	yproduct, copro	duct, or impurity	:	

C = Coproduct
I = Impurity

a. Product Types ¹	b. % of Quantity Manufactured, Imported, or Processed		% of Quantity Used Captively On-Site	d. Type of End-Use
K	100	_ ·	100	I
 <pre>"Use the following codes A = Solvent B = Synthetic reactant C = Catalyst/Initiator/ Sensitizer D = Inhibitor/Stabilize Antioxidant E = Analytical reagent F = Chelator/Coagulant/ G = Cleanser/Detergent/</pre>	/Accelerator/ er/Scavenger/ /Sequestrant	L = M = N = O = P = Q = R =	types: Moldable/Castable Plasticizer Dye/Pigment/Color Photographic/Repr and additives Electrodeposition Fuel and fuel add Explosive chemical	cant/Ink and addit cographic chemical n/Plating chemical litives als and additives
<pre>H = Lubricant/Friction agent I = Surfactant/Emulsifi J = Flame retardant K = Coating/Binder/Adhe</pre>	modifier/Antiwear ier	T = U = V = W =	Pollution control Functional fluids Metal alloy and a Rheological modif	chemicals and additives dditives
² Use the following codes I = Industrial CM = Commercial	s to designate the CS = Cons H = Othe	umer		

2.1 CB:	<pre>import, or process usi corporate fiscal year. import, or process for substance used during used captively on-site types of end-users for</pre>	Expected Product Types Identify all produmport, or process using the listed substance corporate fiscal year. For each use, specimport, or process for each use as a percensubstance used during the reporting year. used captively on-site as a percentage of types of end-users for each product type. explanation and an example.)		ance at any time after your current cify the quantity you expect to manufacture entage of the total volume of listed Also list the quantity of listed substanc the value listed under column b., and the		
	a.	b.		c.	d.	
	Product Types ¹	% of Quantity Manufactured, Imported, or Processed		% of Quantity Used Captively On-Site	Type of End-Users ²	
	K	<u> </u>	_	/00	I	
						
						
	<pre>"Use the following codes to designate prod A = Solvent B = Synthetic reactant C = Catalyst/Initiator/Accelerator/ Sensitizer D = Inhibitor/Stabilizer/Scavenger/ Antioxidant E = Analytical reagent F = Chelator/Coagulant/Sequestrant G = Cleanser/Detergent/Degreaser H = Lubricant/Friction modifier/Antiwear agent I = Surfactant/Emulsifier J = Flame retardant K = Coating/Binder/Adhesive and additives</pre> **Use the following codes to designate the** **Total Continuation of the surface		L = M = N = O = O = N = V = V = V = V = V = V = V = V = V	= Moldable/Castable = Plasticizer = Dye/Pigment/Color = Photographic/Rep and additives = Electrodeposition = Fuel and fuel additive = Explosive chemical = Fragrance/Flavor = Pollution control = Functional fluid = Metal alloy and = Rheological modit = Other (specify)	als and additives chemicals l chemicals and additives additives	
	I = Industrial	CS = Cons				
	CM = Commercial			specify)		
, <u> </u>	Mark (X) this box if y	ou attach a continua	tior	n sheet.	<u> </u>	

a.	b. N	c.	d.
		Average %	
	Final Product's	Composition of Listed Substance	Type of
Product Type ¹	Physical Form ²	in Final Product	End-User
			
			
1			
	odes to designate pro		
A = Solvent		L = Moldable/Castable	e/Rubber and ad
B = Synthetic react		M = Plasticizer	
C = Catalyst/Initia Sensitizer	tor/Accelerator/	<pre>N = Dye/Pigment/Color 0 = Photographic/Repr</pre>	
D = Inhibitor/Stabi	lizer/Scavenger/	and additives	rographic chemi
Antioxidant	112c1/ ocavenge1/	P = Electrodeposition	n/Plating chemi
E = Analytical reag	ent	Q = Fuel and fuel add	
F = Chelator/Coagul		R = Explosive chemica	
G = Cleanser/Deterg		S = Fragrance/Flavor	
	ion modifier/Antiwear		
agent		U = Functional fluid:	s and additives
I = Surfactant/Emul		V = Metal alloy and a	
J = Flame retardant		W = Rheological modi:	fier
<pre>K = Coating/Binder/</pre>	Adhesive and additives	x = 0 ther (specify)	
² Use the following c	odes to designate the	final product's physic	cal form:
A = Gas		stalline solid	
B = Liquid	F3 = Gran		
C = Aqueous solutio	n $F4 = 0$ the	er solid	
D = Paste	G = Gel		
E = Slurry	H = Other	er (specify)	
F1 = Powder			
³ Use the following c	odes to designate the	type of end-users:	
I = Industrial	CS = Cons		
	H = Othe	er (specify)	
CM = Commercial		· • • · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	

2.15 CBI		cle all applicable modes of transportation used to deliver bulk shipments of the ted substance to off-site customers. \mathcal{N}/\mathcal{A}							
[_]	Truck	k	1						
	Rail	Railcar 2 Barge, Vessel 3 Pipeline 4							
	Barge								
	Pipel								
	Plane	e	5						
	Other	r (specify)	6						
2.16 <u>CBI</u> [_]	or proof er	Customer Use Estimate the quantity of the listed substance used by your customers or prepared by your customers during the reporting year for use under each category of end use listed (i-iv). N/A							
		gory of End Use							
	i.	Industrial Products							
		Chemical or mixture k	g/yr						
		Article k	g/yr						
	ii.	Commercial Products							
		Chemical or mixture k	g/yr						
		Article k	g/yr						
	iii.	Consumer Products							
		Chemical or mixture kg	g/yr						
		Article k	g/yr						
	iv.	<u>Other</u>							
		Distribution (excluding export) k	g/yr						
		Export k	g/yr						
		Quantity of substance consumed as reactant kg	g/yr						
		Unknown customer uses k	g/yr						
	Manh	(X) this box if you attach a continuation sheet.							

SECTION 3 PROCESSOR RAW MATERIAL IDENTIFICATION

3.01 <u>CBI</u>	Specify the quantity purchased and the average price paid for the listed substance for each major source of supply listed. Product trades are treated as purchases. The average price is the market value of the product that was traded for the lister substance.						
[_]	Source of Supply	Quantity (kg)	Average Pric (\$/kg)				
	The listed substance was manufactured on-site.		NA				
	The listed substance was transferred from a different company site.	0	NA				
	The listed substance was purchased directly from a manufacturer or importer.	324, 298	\$ 2.275/4				
	The listed substance was purchased from a distributor or repackager.	61,871	\$ 2.361/KG				
	The listed substance was purchased from a mixture producer.	0	NA				
3.02 <u>CBI</u> []	Circle all applicable modes of transportation used to your facility. Truck						
[_]	Mark (X) this box if you attach a continuation sheet.						

3.03 <u>CBI</u>	a.	Circle all applicable containers used to transport the listed substance to your facility.
[_]		Bags 1
		Boxes 2
		Free standing tank cylinders 3
		Tank rail cars 4
		Hopper cars
		Tank trucks 6
		Hopper trucks 7
		Drums
		Pipeline 9
		Other (specify)10
	b.	If the listed substance is transported in pressurized tank cylinders, tank rail cars, or tank trucks, state the pressure of the tanks.
		Tank cylinders mmHg
		Tank rail cars mmHg
		Tank trucks mmHg

<u>CBI</u>	If you obtain the listed substance in the form of a mixture, list the trade name(s) of the mixture, the name of its supplier(s) or manufacturer(s), an estimate of the average percent composition by weight of the listed substance in the mixture, and the amount of mixture processed during the reporting year.						
· 1	Trade Name	N/A Supplier or Manufacturer	Average % Composition by Weight (specify ± % precision)	Amount Processed (kg/yr)			

.05 BI	reporting year in the form of	y of the listed substance used as a raw material during the the form of a class I chemical, class II chemical, or polymer, and sition, by weight, of the listed substance.			
]		Quantity Used (kg/yr)	<pre>% Composition by Weight of Listed Sub- stance in Raw Materia (specify ± % precision</pre>		
	Class I chemical	395, 266	100 ± 1%		
	Class II chemical		NA		
	Polymer		44		

SECTION 4 PHYSICAL/CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Genera	al Instructions:									
If you	If you are reporting on a mixture as defined in the glossary, reply to questions in Section 4 that are inappropriate to mixtures by stating "NA mixture."									
notice	For questions 4.06-4.15, if you possess any hazard warning statement, label, MSDS, or other notice that addresses the information requested, you may submit a copy or reasonable facsimile in lieu of answering those questions which it addresses.									
PART	A PHYSICAL/CHEMICAL DATA	SUMMARY								
4.01 <u>CBI</u>	Specify the percent puri substance as it is manuf substance in the final p import the substance, or	actured, imported, or roduct form for manufa	processed. Measure th cturing activities, at	e purity of the the time you						
(1		Manufacture	<u>Import</u>	Process						
	Technical grade #1	WA % purity	% purity	% purity *						
	Technical grade #2	% purity	% purity	% purity						
	Technical grade #3	% purity	% purity	% purity						
	According To THE INFOR 1 Major = Greatest quanti		•							
4.02	substance, and for every an MSDS that you develop version. Indicate wheth appropriate response.	formulation containing the dead and an MSDS developmen at least one MSDS h	g the listed substance ed by a different sour as been submitted by o	e. If you possess ce, submit your circling the						
	Yes	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		①						
	No			2						
	Indicate whether the MSI	S was developed by you	r company or by a diff	erent source.						
	Your company			1						
	Another source			②						
	Mark (X) this box if you	attach a continuation	sheet.							

4.03	Submit a copy or reasonable facsimile of any hazard information (other than an MSDS) that is provided to your customers/users regarding the listed substance or any formulation containing the listed substance. Indicate whether this information has been submitted by circling the appropriate response.
	Yes 1
	No 2
4.04	For each activity that uses the listed substance, circle all the applicable number(s) corresponding to each physical state of the listed substance during the activity listed. Physical states for importing and processing activities are determined at the time you import or begin to process the listed substance. Physical states for
[<u></u>]	manufacturing, storage, disposal and transport activities are determined using the final state of the product.

	Physical State						
Activity	Solid	Slurry	Liquid	Liquified Gas	Gas		
Manufacture	1	2	3	4	5		
Import	1	2	3	4	5		
Process	1	2	3	4	5		
Store	1	2	3	4	5		
Dispose	1	2	3	4	5		
Transport	1	2	3	4	5		

|--|--|

<u>CBI</u>	listed su	and processing act bstance. Measure t disposal and transp	he physical st	ate and	particle	sizes f	or manufa	cturing
	Physical State		Manufacture	Import	Process	Store	Dispose	Transport
	Dust	<1 micron						
		1 to <5 microns						
		5 to <10 microns						
	Powder	<1 micron						
		1 to <5 microns						
		5 to <10 microns		 -				
	Fiber	<1 micron						
		1 to <5 microns						
		5 to <10 microns				 		
	Aerosol	<1 micron						
		1 to <5 microns						
		5 to <10 microns						

REFERENCES IN PARENTHESES

TAR	ATE CONSTANTS AND TRANSFORMATION PRODUCTS		
1 Ind	icate the rate constants for the following tr	ansformation processes.	
a.	Photolysis:		
	Absorption spectrum coefficient (peak)	871 (1/M cm) at 284	nm (
	Reaction quantum yield, ø	No information at	nm
	Direct photolysis rate constant, k, at	<1.2 x 10-3 1/hr when NO2	XXXXXXX
ь.	Oxidation constants at 25°C:	photolysis 0.37/hr(2)	rate
	For 10, (singlet oxygen), k,		
	For RO, (peroxy radical), k,	•	
c.	Five-day biochemical oxygen demand, BOD,	Not applicable due to	mg/
d.	Biotransformation rate constant:	reaction with water	
	For bacterial transformation in water, k _b	No oxygen consumed	1/h:
	Specify culture		
e.	Hydrolysis rate constants:	,	
	For base-promoted process, k,	No information	1/H
	For acid-promoted process, k,		
	For neutral process, k,		1/h
£.	•		
!!			
g.	Other (such as spontaneous degradation)	Polyures formation under	
•	hydrolytic conditions. (4)	•	

[__] Mark (X) this box if you attach a continuation sheet.

100

	PARTITION COEFFICIENT	TS		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
02 a.	a. Specify the half-life of the listed substance in the following media.						
	Media	:	Ralf-life (specify units)				
	Groundwater	<< 1 day_	in water solution (4)				
	Atmosphere	26 hr	(2)				
	Surface vater	<< 1 day	in water solution (4)				
	Soil	< 1 day	(4)				
b.	Identify the liste life greater than	d substance's known trans 24 hours.	sformation products that hav	ve a half-			
	CAS No.	<u>Name</u>	Half-life (specify units)	<u>Hedia</u>			
	Not found	Polyurea		er and soil			
	95-80-7	2,4-Toluene diamine		logical wast ar treatment			
	823-40+5	2,6-Toluene diamine	< 1 day pla				
	5206-52-0	Urea, NN JN '-bis(3-iso	Unknown half-life	(5			
			t, K reacts with both				
	•	r partition coefficient,	K _d reacts with water	at 25°C			
Sc							
ΛΕ F.	ecify the organic ca efficient, K _{oc}	arbon-water partition	reacts with water	at 25°C			

5.07 List the bioconcentration factor (BCF) of the listed substance, the species for which it was determined, and the type of test used in deriving the BCF.

Bioconcentration Factor	Species	<u>Test¹</u>
None detected	Moina macrocypa Straus	Not defined (4)
None detected	Cyprinum carpio	Not defined (4)

- F = Flowthrough
- S = Static
- (1) Phillips and Nachod, eds., Organic Electronic Spectral Data, Vol IV, pg. 200.
- (2) K. H. Becker, V. Bastian and Th. Klein, The reactions of toluenediisocyanate, toluenediamine and methylenedianiline under simulated atmospheric conditions, J. Photochem. and Photobiol., A: Chemistry, 45 (1988) 195-205.
- (3) N. Caspers, B. Hamburger, R. Kanne and Waklebert, Ecotoxicity of TDI, MDI, TDA and MDA. Report to the International Isocyanate Institute, E-CE-41, 1986.

 Quoted in D. S. Gilbert, Fate of TDI and MDI in Air, Soil and Water, Polyurethanes World Congress 1987, Proceedings of the SPI/FSK.
- (4) F. K. Brochhagen and B. M. Grieveson, Environmental aspects of isocyanates in water and soil, Cellular Polymers, 3 (1984) 11-17.
 - (5) K. Marcali, Microdetermination of toluenediisogyanate in atmosphere, Anal. Chem. 29 (1957) 552-558.
 - (6) G.A.Campbell, T.J.Dearlove and W.C.Meluch, Difisocyanatotolyl)urea, U.S. Patent 3,906,019 (1975), Chem. Abs. 84:5645h.

¹ Use the following codes to designate the type of test:

^[] Mark (X) this box if you attach a continuation sheet.

		Quantity Sold or	Total Sales
	Market	Transferred (kg/yr)	Value (\$/yr)
	Retail sales		
	Distribution Wholesalers		
	Distribution Retailers		
	Intra-company transfer		
	Repackagers		
	Mixture producers	4	·
	Article producers		
	Other chemical manufacturers or processors		
	Exporters		
	Other (specify)		
6.05 <u>CBI</u>	Substitutes List all known commerce for the listed substance and state the feasible substitute is one which is easiny your current operation, and which is performance in its end uses.	e cost of each substitut conomically and technolo results in a final produ	e. A commercially ogically feasible to use
(1	Substitute		Cost (\$/kg)
	NOME		NA
			·

SECTION 7 MANUFACTURING AND PROCESSING INFORMATION

General Instructions:

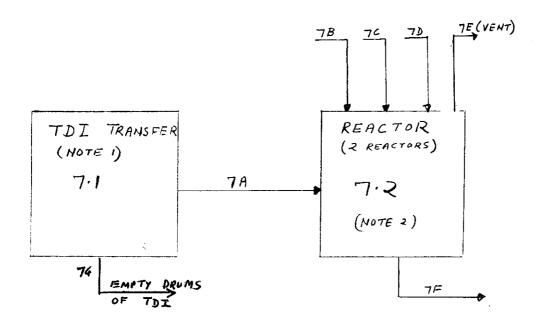
For questions 7.04-7.06, provide a separate response for each process block flow diagram provided in questions 7.01, 7.02, and 7.03. Identify the process type from which the information is extracted.

PART A MANUFACTURING AND PROCESSING PROCESS TYPE DESCRIPTION

7.01 In accordance with the instructions, provide a process block flow diagram showing the major (greatest volume) process type involving the listed substance.

CBI

Process type URETHANE MANUFACTURING PROCESS



NOTE 1: TDI IS TRANSFERED FROM STEEL DRUMS TO THE REACTOR BY GRAVITY
USING A HOIST

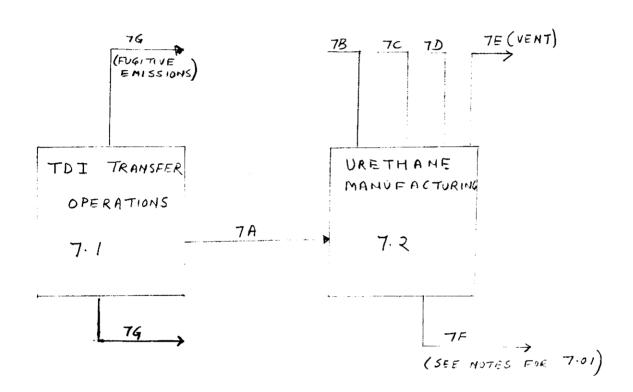
NOTER: PROCESS BEYOND THE REACTOR IS NOT DESCRIZED IN THE BLOCK FLOW DIAGRAM AS PRIOR TO PUMPING OF THE PRODUCT IT IS CONFIRMED BY ANALYSIS THAT NO FREE TOT IS PRESENT

	Mark	(X)	this	box	if	you	attach	а	continuation	sheet.
--	------	-----	------	-----	----	-----	--------	---	--------------	--------

7.03	In accordance with the instructions, provide a process block flow diagram showing all process emission streams and emission points that contain the listed substance and
	which, if combined, would total at least 90 percent of all facility emissions if not
	treated before emission into the environment. If all such emissions are released
	from one process type, provide a process block flow diagram using the instructions
	for question 7.01. If all such emissions are released from more than one process
	type, provide a process block flow diagram showing each process type as a separate
	hlack

CBI

[_] Process type <u>Urethane</u> Manufacturing Process



 $^[\ \]$ Mark (X) this box if you attach a continuation sheet.

<u>CBI</u>	process type	•			
	Process type	URE THANE	MANUFACTURING	PROCESS	
	Unit Operation ID Number	Typical Equipment Type	Operating Temperature Range (°C)	Operating Pressure Range (mm Hg)	Vessel Composition
	<u>_7./</u>	HOIST & DRUM	20-40	750-770	CARBIN STEEL
	7.2	REACTOR	35-95	750-770	STAINLESS STEEL
					
				····	
	<u></u>				
	(100 to 100 to 1			***************************************	

<u>CBI</u>							
[_]	Process type	•••••	URETHANE	MANUE	PACTURING	PRUCESS	
	Process Stream ID Code		Process Stream Description		Physical State	Stream Flow (kg/yr)	
	7A	Town	ENE DISSICYANATE CHARG	E LINE	0 L	395, 266	
	78	61	YCERIDE CHARGE		0	1, 268,000	
	<u> 7C</u>		SOLVENT STREAM		0 L	1,359,790	
	70		THERT GAS SPARGE	2	60	UK	
	<u>7e</u>		REACTOR VENT		6C	UK	
	7 <i>F</i>	PRO	DUCT (URETHANE) :	STREAM	<u> </u>	3,108,74	
	74	EMP	TY TOT DRUMS	<u></u>	NA	MA	
	GC = Gas (co GU = Gas (un SO = Solid SY = Sludge AL = Aqueous OL = Organic	ondensible condensib or slurry liquid liquid	es to designate the at ambient tempera le at ambient tempera	ture and rature an	pressure) d pressure)		

	Process ty	pe <u>VRETHA</u>	ME MANUFAC	TURING PR	OCESS
··	a.	b.	с.	d.	e.
	Process Stream ID Code	Known Compounds ¹	Concen- trations ^{2,3} (% or ppm)	Other Expected Compounds	Estimated Concentrations (% or ppm)
	<u>74</u>	CAS No. 26471-62	-5 <u>795°/, (E)(</u> W)_	NA NA	NA
-	78	GLYCERIDES	> 95 /. (E)(u)	ŊA	NA
	<u>70</u>	MINERAL SPIRITS, XYLE			NA
		TOLVENE, VMAP NAPHTHI METHANOL	A, <u>ON BATCH</u> _ (NOTE I)		
	7.0	N2, Rare Gases,			NA
	7E	CO, CO, SOLVENTS LISTED ABOVE, INER GAS,		MA	NA
	'7F	URETHANE	>95% (E)(W)	NA	N/A
	76	TDI	100%	AA	. NA
7.06	MAY \$ VI	below nding upon the B BE used. Mostly M J P NAPHTHA ARE ENTS ARE USED	MINIERAL OF	$(KI)^{3}$	22

7	06	(continued)	١
7 .	VO !	i con i inueu.	Į

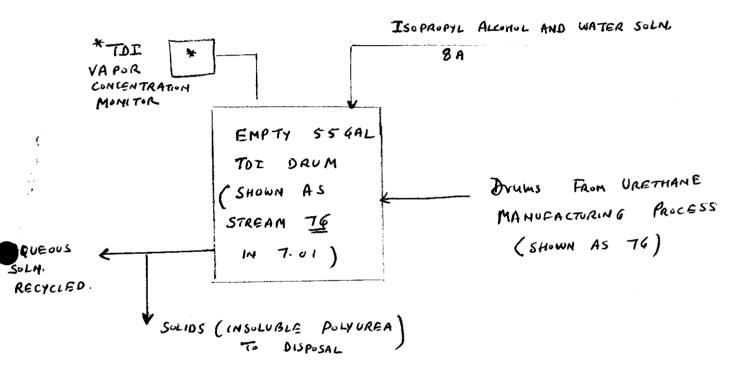
¹For each additive package introduced into a process stream, specify the compounds that are present in each additive package, and the concentration of each component. Assign an additive package number to each additive package and list this number in column b. (Refer to the instructions for further explanation and an example. Refer to the glossary for the definition of additive package.)

Additive Package Number	Components of Additive Package	Concentrations (% or ppm)
1		
		-
2		
3		
4		
5		
	_	
Use the following codes to	designate how the concent	ration was determined:
A = Analytical result E = Engineering judgement/c	alculation	
Use the following codes to		ration was measured:
V = Volume W = Weight		
ark (X) this box if you attac	ch a continuation sheet.	

PART A RESIDUAL TREATMENT PROCESS DESCRIPTION

In accordance with the instructions, provide a residual treatment block flow diagram which describes the treatment process used for residuals identified in question 7.01. CBI

MANUFACTURING PROCESS Process type URE THANE



STREAM WASTE RESIDUE PRESENT M No TOT ARE THERE TOI DRUMS . PROCESS af DE CONTAMINATION FROM PRODUCED

[] Mark (X) this box if you attach a continuation sheet.

BI]		type			-	and an example Parcess	•)
_	a.	b.	c.	d.	e.	f.	g.
	Stream ID Code	Type of Hazardous Waste	Physical State of Residual ²	Known Compounds ³	Concentra- tions (% or ppm) 4,5,6	Other Expected Compounds	Estimated Concen- trations (% or ppm)
	76	R,T	Liquig	TDT (TOLVENE DI- TSOCYANATE)	100%	<u> </u>	NA
							·
			·				
							-
							
			-				

8.05 (continued) 1 Use the following codes to designate the type of hazardous waste: I = Ignitable C = Corrosive R = Reactive E = EP toxicT = ToxicH = Acutely hazardous ²Use the following codes to designate the physical state of the residual: GC = Gas (condensible at ambient temperature and pressure) GU = Gas (uncondensible at ambient temperature and pressure) S0 = SolidSY = Sludge or slurry AL = Aqueous liquid OL = Organic liquid IL = Immiscible liquid (specify phases, e.g., 90% water, 10% toluene)

8.05 continued below

³For each additive package introduced into a process stream, specify the compounds that are present in each additive package, and the concentration of each component. Assign an additive package number to each additive package and list this number in column d. (Refer to the instructions for further explanation and an example. Refer to the glossary for the definition of additive package.)

	Additive Package Number		Components of Additive Package	···	Concentrations (% or ppm)
	1				
	_				
	2				
				-	
	3				
	4				
					And the state of t
	5				
	⁴ Use the followin	g codes to d	esignate how the conc	entration was	s determined:
	A = Analytical r E = Engineering	esult judgement/ca	lculation		
8.05	continued below				
[_]	Mark (X) this box	if you atta	ch a continuation she	et.	

8.05 ((continued)
0.05 (Continued

⁵Use the following codes to designate how the concentration was measured:

V = Volume

W = Weight

⁶Specify the analytical test methods used and their detection limits in the table below. Assign a code to each test method used and list those codes in column e.

Code	Method	Detection Limit (± ug/l)
1		
3	·	·
4		
5		
6		

[_]	Mark	(X)	this	box	if	you	attach	а	continuation	sheet.
-----	------	-----	------	-----	----	-----	--------	---	--------------	--------

CBI	••	•			er explanation and		
[_]	Process	type	URET	HANE MA	NUFACTURING F	ROCESS	
	a.	b .	c.	d.	е.	f. Costs for	g.
	Stream ID Code	Waste Description Code	Management Method Code ²	Residual Quantities (kg/yr)	Management of Residual (%) On-Site Off-Site	Off-Site Management (per kg)	Changes in Management Methods
	76	_A09	ITR	1500	100	NA	NA
						-	
1							
)							
•							
	.,						
							
	1				lasiamete the weste	description	
		•			lesignate the waste lesignate the manag		

[_]		Ch	ustion amber ture (°C)	Tempe	ion of erature itor	In Com	ence Time bustion (seconds)				
	Incinerator	Primary	Secondary	Primary	Secondary	Primary	Secondar				
	1										
	2										
	3		- Control of the Cont								
	Indicate if Office of Solid Waste survey has been submitted in lieu of response by circling the appropriate response.										
	Yes	Yes									
	No	• • • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		••••••						
8.23 <u>CBI</u> []	are used on-sitreatment bloc Incinerator			d Lution	· · ·	Types Emission Avail	of s Data				
	2					· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·					
	Indicate by circl	ing the app	of Solid Waste ropriate respon	nse.			-				
	Indicate by circl Yes	ing the appr	ropriate respon	nse.	••••••	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	1				
	Indicate by circl Yes	ing the appr	ropriate respon	nse.	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·					

PART A EMPLOYMENT AND POTENTIAL EXPOSURE PROFILE

Data Element	Data are Ma Hourly Workers	intained for: Salaried Workers	Year in Which Data Collection Began	Number Years Rec Are Maint
Date of hire	X	X	1950	8
Age at hire	_X	X	1981	8
Work history of individual before employment at you facility		X	1988	8
Sex	_X	X		8
Race				
Job titles	<u> X</u>	<u>X</u>	1981	8
Start date for each job title			NA	
End date for each job titl	e		N A	<u>NA</u>
Work area industrial hygiemonitoring data	ne 		<u> </u>	NA
Personal employee monitori data	ng 		NA	NA
Employee medical history	_X	<u>X</u>	1981	
Employee smoking history			NA	NA
Accident history	X	<u>X</u>	1970	8
Retirement date	<u>X</u>	X	1988	8
Termination date	_X_	_X	1988	8
Vital status of retirees			NA	NA
Cause of death data			NA	NA

9.02 In accordance with the instructions, complete the following table for each activity in which you engage.

CBI

[__]

a. b. c. d. e.

Yearly Total Total

Activity	Process Category	Yearly Quantity (kg)	Total Workers	Total Worker-Hours
Manufacture of the	Enclosed	NA		NA
listed substance	Controlled Release	NA		NA
	0pen	NA	NA	NA
On-site use as	Enclosed	395, 266		1000
reactant	Controlled Release	395,266	15	10,000
	0pen	<u>NA</u>	NA	NA
On-site use as	Enclosed	NA	NA	NA
nonreactant	Controlled Release	NA	NA	NA
	0pen	NA	UA_	NA
On-site preparation of products	Enclosed	NA	NA	NA
or products	Controlled Release	NA NA	NA_	<u>NA</u>
	0pen	NA	NA	NA

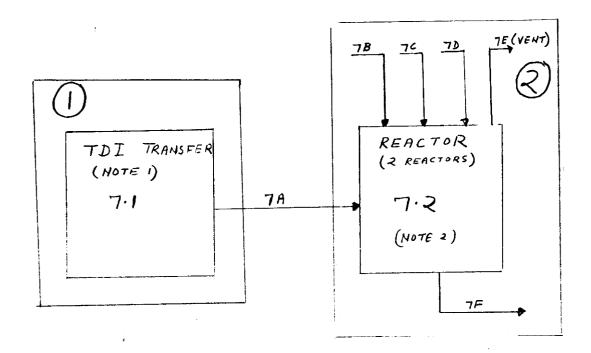
[_] Mark (X) this box if you attach a continuation sheet.

BI	
<u>_</u> 1	
Labor Category	Descriptive Job Title
A	LABORERS
В	WAREHOUSE MAN
C	OPERATORS
D	SUPERVISORS
E	
F	
G	
Н	
I	
J	

9.04 In accordance with the instructions, provide your process block flow diagram(s) and indicate associated work areas.

<u>CBI</u>

Process type URETHANE MANUFACTURING ROCESS



[] Mark (X) this box if you attach a continuation sheet.

9.05 CBI	may potentially come additional areas not	work area(s) shown in question 9.04 that encompass workers who in contact with or be exposed to the listed substance. Add any shown in the process block flow diagram in question 7.01 or question and complete it separately for each process type.
[_]	Process type	URETHANG MANUFACTURING PROCESS
	Work Area ID	Description of Work Areas and Worker Activities TOI TRANSFER AREA (TRANSFER TOI FROM DRUMS TO REACTOR)
	2	,
	3	REACTOR AREA (MONITOR TEMPERATURE AND PRESSURE)
	4	
	5	
:	6	
	7	
•	8	
	9	
	10	
[-]	Mark (X) this box if	you attach a continuation sheet.

)	9.06 CBI	each labor of come in cont	category at you tact with or be	ole for each wor or facility that e exposed to the or for each proce	t encom	passes worker d substance.	s who may pot Photocopy th	entially		
	[_]	Process type	UR	ETHANE MANG	UFACTU	RING PROCE	\$55			
		Work area	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	•••••	<u>1</u>				
		Labor Category	Number of Workers Exposed	Mode of Exposur (e.g., dire skin contac	ect	Physical State of Listed Substance	Average Length of Exposure Per Day ²	Number of Days per Year Exposed		
		_A	6	SKIN CONTACT, TI (NOTE 1) INHALATION	N HALATION	1 <u>0L,6U</u>	D	245 (NOTE 2)		
		<u> </u>	5	INHALATION		GU GU	A	<u>245</u> 245		
	NOTE	·		FOR # EXPOSURE	 . How <i>E</i>		ERS WEAR			
	•	_		es, SAFETY				71001001101		
										
	NOTE	2: POTENTIA	L FOR EXP	USURE EXISTS	011	245 DAY	. However,	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
				S IS CARRIE						
)										
		¹ Use the fol the point o	lowing codes t f exposure:	o designate the	physic	cal state of	the listed su	bstance at		
			condensible at			Sludge or sl				
			rature and pre uncondensible		AL = Aqueous liquid OL = Organic liquid					
			rature and pre		<pre>IL = Immiscible liquid</pre>					
		<pre>includes fumes, vapors, etc.) SO = Solid</pre>				(specify phases, e.g., 90% water, 10% toluene)				
		² Use the fol	lowing codes to	o designate ave	rage le	ength of expo	sure per day:			
			tes or less than 15 minute ng 1 hour	es, but not	е	xceeding 4 h				
		C = Greater	than one hour ng 2 hours	, but not	е	xceeding 8 h		io C		
)		Monte (V) 41.1	- han 25			1 .		,		
	ואַן	nark (X) this	s box if you a	ttach a continua	ation s	neet.				

9.07 CBI	Weighted Average (T	egory represented in question 9.06, IVA) exposure levels and the 15-min stion and complete it separately for the complete it is separately	ute peak exposure levels.
[_]	Process type	IS UTILIZED TO	MINIMIZE WORKER PAINTE,
	Work area		
	Labor Category	8-hour TWA Exposure Level (ppm, mg/m ³ , other-specify)	15-Minute Peak Exposure Level (ppm, mg/m³, other-specify)
3,			
)			
	Mark (X) this box i	if you attach a continuation sheet.	

ii you monitor worke	r exposur	e to the II.	steu substai	ice, compr	ete the ro	IIOWING CADI
NA						
Sample/Test	Work Area ID	Testing Frequency (per year)	Number of Samples (per test)	Who Samples ¹		
Personal breathing zone				 		<u></u>
General work area (air)						
Wipe samples						
Adhesive patches		 				·
Blood samples						
Urine samples				****		
Respiratory samples	·					
Allergy tests						
Other (specify)						
Other (specify)						
Other (specify)						
A = Plant industria B = Insurance carri C = OSHA consultant	l hygieni er		o takes the	monitoring	g samples:	
	Sample/Test Personal breathing zone General work area (air) Wipe samples Adhesive patches Blood samples Urine samples Respiratory samples Allergy tests Other (specify) Other (specify) Other (specify) 1 Use the following of A = Plant industria B = Insurance carric C = OSHA consultant	MA Sample/Test Area ID Personal breathing zone General work area (air) Wipe samples Adhesive patches Blood samples Urine samples Respiratory samples Allergy tests Other (specify) Other (specify) Other (specify) 1 Use the following codes to design and the samples of the samples	MA Sample/Test	MA Sample/Test Work Frequency Samples (per year) Personal breathing zone General work area (air) Wipe samples Adhesive patches Blood samples Urine samples Respiratory samples Allergy tests Other (specify) Other (specify) Use the following codes to designate who takes the A = Plant industrial hygienist B = Insurance carrier C = OSHA consultant	Work Area ID Vork Prequency Samples Who Area ID (per year) (per test) Samples¹ Personal breathing zone General work area (air) Wipe samples Adhesive patches Blood samples Urine samples Respiratory samples Allergy tests Other (specify) Other (specify) 1 Use the following codes to designate who takes the monitoring A = Plant industrial hygienist B = Insurance carrier C = OSHA consultant	Sample/Test

	Sample Type	Sampling and Analytical Methodology							
9.10	If you conduct person specify the following				ubstance,				
CBI	MA Equipment Type ¹	Detection Limit ²	Manufacturer	Averaging Time (hr)	Model Numb				
		odos to dosignato			t tunes				
	Use the following codes to designate personal air monitoring equipment types: A = Passive dosimeter B = Detector tube C = Charcoal filtration tube with pump D = Other (specify)								
	Use the following codes to designate ambient air monitoring equipment types:								
	E = Stationary monitors located within work area F = Stationary monitors located within facility G = Stationary monitors located at plant boundary H = Mobile monitoring equipment (specify) I = Other (specify)								
	² Use the following codes to designate detection limit units:								
	A = ppm B = Fibers/cubic centimeter (f/cc) C = Micrograms/cubic meter (μ/m³)								

<u> </u>	MA		7
_1	Test Description	(week	Frequency cly, monthly, yearly, etc.
	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		
			•

PART C ENGINEERING CONTROLS

URETHANE	MANUFACTURING	PROCE	\$\$
		1	
Used (Y/N)	Year Installed	Upgraded (Y/N)	Year Upgrad
<i>N</i>	NA	W	NA
<u>Y</u>	1986	N	MA
<i>N</i>	<i>NA</i>	N	NA
MA N	<i>NA</i>	N	NA
N	NA	N	NA
	Used (Y/N)	Used Year (Y/N) Installed N NA Y 1986 N NA NA NA NA NA	Used Year Upgraded (Y/N) N NA N Y 1986 N NA N N NA N N NA N

igstar Mark (X) this box if you attach a continuation sheet.

9.13	prior to the reporting the listed substance. the percentage reduction	or process modifications you have mean that have resulted in a reduct for each equipment or process modifion in exposure that resulted. Photofor each process type and work area	tion of worker exposure to fication described, state ocopy this question and
<u>CBI</u>		NONE	
[_]	Process type		
		Process Modification	Reduction in Worker Exposure Per Year (%)
			
2			
•			

PART 1	D PERSONAL PROTECTIVE	AND SAFETY EQUIPM	ENT	
9.14 CBI	in each work area in o	order to reduce or	fety equipment that you eliminate their exposu complete it separately	re to the listed
[_]	Process type	URETHANE	MANUFA CTURING	PROCESS
	Work area	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		
	I ! (Equipment Types Respirators Safety goggles/gla Face shields Coveralls Bib aprons Chemical-resistant Other (specify)		

9.15	process respira tested,	ters use respirators when works type, the work areas where the stors used, the average usage, and the type and frequency of the it separately for each process.	he respirate whether of the fit	tors are us r not the r	ed, the type espirators w	of ere fit
<u>CBI</u>						
[_]	Process	type URETHA	INE MA	HNUFACTUR	ING PROC	:E21
	Work Area	Respirator Type	Average Usage ¹	Fit Tested <u>(Y/N)</u>	Type of Fit Test ²	Frequency of Fit Tests (per year)
		SUPPLIED AIR POS. PRESS. DEMAN	ω <u>A</u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	
	$A = Da$ $B = We$ $C = Mo$ $D = On$ $E = Ot$ $^{2}Use th$ $QL = Q$	ekly		····	t:	
[_]	Mark (X) this box if you attach a con	tinuation	sheet.		

pe all of the work pate worker exposure lized workers, mark a ring practices, provon and complete it s	to the listed su reas with warnin ide worker train	bstance (e.g. g signs, insu	, restrict en	
	operatory ros ca		etc.). Phot	ocopy this
type <u> </u>	THANE MANUE	FACTURING P	PROLESS	
ea				1 .
DE WORKER	TRAINING PRO	GRAM PROT	TECTIVE CL	· THING/ APPRATU
e (X) how often you or spills of the listely for each proces	ted substance. s type and work	Photocopy thi area.	s question an	d complete it
e type <u>VR</u> ea			i PROCESS	
eping Tasks	Less Than Once Per Day	1-2 Times Per Day		
g	X	 		
ng	NA			
clushing of floors	X	 		
specify)				
	NA			
lus	-	shing of floors X	ching of floors X	ching of floors X

	Do you have a written medical action plan for responding to routine or emergency exposure to the listed substance?
	Routine exposure
	Yes
	No
	Emergency exposure
	Yes
	No
	If yes, where are copies of the plan maintained?
	Routine exposure:
	Emergency exposure:
9.22	Do you have a written leak and spill cleanup plan that addresses the listed substance? Circle the appropriate response.
	Yes
	No
	If yes, where are copies of the plan maintained? WITH PLANT MANAGER
	Has this plan been coordinated with state or local government response organizations? Circle the appropriate response.
	Yes
	No
9.23	Who is responsible for monitoring worker safety at your facility? Circle the appropriate response.
	Plant safety specialist
	Insurance carrier
	OSHA consultant 3
	Other (specify)

SECTION 10 ENVIRONMENTAL RELEASE

General Instructions:

Complete Part E (questions 10.23-10.35) for each non-routine release involving the listed substance that occurred during the reporting year. Report on all releases that are equal to or greater than the listed substance's reportable quantity value, RQ, unless the release is federally permitted as defined in 42 U.S.C. 9601, or is specifically excluded under the definition of release as defined in 40 CFR 302.3(22). Reportable quantities are codified in 40 CFR Part 302. If the listed substance is not a hazardous substance under the Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act of 1980 (CERCLA) and, thus, does not have an RQ, then report releases that exceed 2,270 kg. If such a substance however, is designated as a CERCLA hazardous substance, then report those releases that are equal to or greater than the RQ. The facility may have answered these questions or similar questions under the Agency's Accidental Release Information Program and may already have this information readily available. Assign a number to each release and use this number throughout this part to identify the release. Releases over more than a 24-hour period are not single releases, i.e., the release of a chemical substance equal to or greater than an RQ must be reported as a separate release for each 24-hour period the release exceeds the RQ.

For questions 10.25-10.35, answer the questions for each release identified in question 10.23. Photocopy these questions and complete them separately for each release.

PART A	GENERAL INFORMATION
10.01	Where is your facility located? Circle all appropriate responses.
CBI	
	Industrial area
	Urban area
	Residential area 3
	Agricultural area 4
	Rural area 5
	Adjacent to a park or a recreational area 6
	Within 1 mile of a navigable waterway
	Within 1 mile of a school, university, hospital, or nursing home facility 8
	Within 1 mile of a non-navigable waterway
	Other (specify)10

Mark (X) this box if you attach a continuation sheet.

	•	and longitude of onl	versal Transver	e process unit se Mercader
	Latitude	•••••	400	42' 44
	Longitude	•••••	74 •	08' 23
	UTM coordinates Zone	, North	ing, E	asting
10.03	If you monitor meteorological con the following information.	ditions in the vicin	ity of your fac	ility, provide
	Average annual precipitation	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		inches/year
	Predominant wind direction	•••••		·
10.04	Indicate the depth to groundwater	below your facility	•	
	Depth to groundwater	•••••		meters
10.05 CBI	For each on-site activity listed, listed substance to the environme Y, N, and NA.)	indicate (Y/N/NA) a nt. (Refer to the i	ll routine releans	ases of the a definition of
[_]		Env	ironmental Relea	
	On-Site Activity	Air		
	On-Site Activity Manufacturing	Air	Water	ase Land
			Water	Land
	Manufacturing	NA	Water NA	Land NA
	Manufacturing Importing	NA	Water NA NA	Land NA NA
	Manufacturing Importing Processing	<i>NA</i> Y	Water NA NA	Land NA NA
	Manufacturing Importing Processing Otherwise used	NA NA NA	Water NA NA NA NA NA	Land NA NA NA
	Manufacturing Importing Processing Otherwise used Product or residual storage	NA NA NA N	Water NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA	Land NA NA NA NA
	Manufacturing Importing Processing Otherwise used Product or residual storage Disposal	NA NA Y NA N	Water NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA N	Land NA NA N N N N N N

	of precision for each item. (Refer to the instruct an example.)	ions for further	explanation and
CBI	• •		
[_]	Quantity discharged to the air	250	25 kg/yr ±
	Quantity discharged in wastewaters	0	kg/yr <u>+</u>
	Quantity managed as other waste in on-site treatment, storage, or disposal units	NA	kg/yr ±
	Quantity managed as other waste in off-site treatment, storage, or disposal units	NA	kg/yr <u>+</u>

[_]	-	y for each process type.	
	Stream ID Code	Control Technology	Percent Efficienc
			

10.09 <u>CBI</u>	substance in term residual treatment source. Do not	ssions Identify each emission point source containing the listens of a Stream ID Code as identified in your process block or it block flow diagram(s), and provide a description of each point include raw material and product storage vents, or fugitive emissions.	on
[]	for each process	POINT SOURCE COMMENTS OF THE PARTY AND	
	Process type	INSTANTANEOUSLY IN THE REACTOR.	
	Point SourceID Code	Description of Emission Point Source	
	NA		
			-,-
			
		i.	

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	Point Source		ng the followi Average	^	JA		Maximum	Maximum Emission	Max. Emi:
 -	ID Code	Physical State ¹	Emissions (kg/day)	Frequency ² (days/yr)	Duration ³ (min/day)	Average Emission Factor	Emission Rate (kg/min)	Rate Frequency (events/yr)	Ra Dura (min.
					*				
				4					
									
						+			
									
	¹ Use the	e following s; V = Vapon	codes to desi r; P = Particu	gnate physica date; A = Aero	l state at the osol: 0 = 0th	e point of re	lease:		

10.11 CBI	Stack Par identifie	ameters ed in quest:	Identify the	e stack para completing	meters for the follow	each Point ing table.	Source ID C	ode
[_]	Point		Stack Inner	MA	Emission			
	Source ID Code	Stack Height(m)	Diameter (at outlet) (m)	Exhaust Temperature (°C)	Exit Velocity (m/sec)	Building Height(m) ¹	Building ₂ <u>Width(m)</u> ²	Vent Type ³
			-					
								
							·····	
★								
ं • •								
» :								
			or adjacent	_				
			r adjacent b					
	H = Horis V = Verts	zontal	odes to desi	gnate vent t	:ype:			
	ark (Y) +1	nie hovif	von attach -	continuatio	n aboot		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	•

MA	: It separately for each emission point sourc
Point source ID code	
Size Range (microns)	Mass Fraction (% ± % precision)
< 1	
≥ 1 to < 10	
≥ 10 to < 30	
≥ 30 to < 50	
≥ 50 to < 100	
≥ 100 to < 500	
<u>></u> 500	
	Total = 100%
	Point source ID code

TANT C COMPLEYS SMISSION	PART	C	FUGITIVE	EMTSSTON:
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10.13 CBI	Equipment Leaks Complete types listed which are expected according to the specified the component. Do this for residual treatment block finot exposed to the listed process, give an overall process, give an overall process to the listed substor each process type.	osed to the line in weight percest continued in the line in the li	listed suent of thes type is). Do note this itime per	bstance a e listed dentified ot includ s a batch year tha	nd which substance in your e equipme or inter t the pro	are in se passing process b nt types mittently cess type	rvice through lock or that are operated is
1-1	Process type VA	ETHANG	Marica	1 = = (0 , 11)	Parco	50	
	Percentage of time per year type	that the li	sted sub	stance is	exposed	to this p	<u> [:0</u> X
			of Liste	d Substan	ce in Pro	cess Stre	am
	Equipment Type	Less than 5%	5-10%	11-25%	26-75%	76-99%	Greater than 99%
	Pump seals ¹					<u> </u>	
	Packed	NA	_NA_	NA_	NA	NA	NA
	Mechanical	NA	NA	NA	HA	NA	NA.
	Double mechanical ²	NA	NA	NA		NA	NA
	Compressor seals ¹	_ N A	NA	NA	NA		NA
	Flanges	<u>25</u>	NA	NA	NA	NT	10
	Valves						
	Gas ³	25	NA	NA	NA	NA_	NA
	Liquid		NA	_NA	NA	MA	8
	Pressure relief devices (Gas or vapor only)	<u>NA</u>	MA	NA	NA	NA	NA
	Sample connections						
	Gas	_NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
	Liquid	5	_MA	NA	NA	NA	NA
	Open-ended lines ⁵ (e.g., purge, vent)						
	Gas	5	MA	NA	NA	NA	NA
	Liquid	NA	MA	NA	MA	NA	MA
	¹ List the number of pump and compressors	d compressor	seals, r	ather tha	n the num	ber of pu	mps or
10.13	continued on next page						
[<u></u>] M	Mark (X) this box if you atta	ach a continu	uation sh	eet.			-

10.13	(continued)
	² If double mechanical seals are operated with the barrier (B) fluid at a pressure greater than the pump stuffing box pressure and/or equipped with a sensor (S) that will detect failure of the seal system, the barrier fluid system, or both, indicate with a "B" and/or an "S", respectively
	³ Conditions existing in the valve during normal operation
	⁴ Report all pressure relief devices in service, including those equipped with control devices
	⁵ Lines closed during normal operation that would be used during maintenance operations
10.14 <u>CBI</u>	Pressure Relief Devices with Controls Complete the following table for those pressure relief devices identified in 10.13 to indicate which pressure relief devices in service are controlled. If a pressure relief device is not controlled, enter "None" under column c.
	a. b. c. d. Number of Percent Chemical Estimated Pressure Relief Devices in Vessel Control Device Control Efficiency
	¹ Refer to the table in question 10.13 and record the percent range given under the heading entitled "Number of Components in Service by Weight Percent of Listed Substance" (e.g., <5%, 5-10%, 11-25%, etc.)
	² The EPA assigns a control efficiency of 100 percent for equipment leaks controlled with rupture discs under normal operating conditions. The EPA assigns a control efficiency of 98 percent for emissions routed to a flare under normal operating conditions
[_]	Mark (X) this box if you attach a continuation sheet.

Process type	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •				
		• • • • • • • • • • •		······································	
Equipment Type	Leak Detection Concentration (ppm or mg/m³) Measured at Inches from Source		Detection	Initiated (days after	
		,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,			
-					
-					
-					
-		<u> </u>			
-					***************************************
Valves					***************************************
Gas					
Liquid					
Pressure relief devices (gas or vapor only)					
Sample connections					
Gas					
Liquid					
Open-ended lines					
Gas					
Liquid _					
POVA = Portable orga FPM = Fixed point mo	nic vapor analyzen	detection de	evice:		
	Gas Liquid Pressure relief devices (gas or vapor only) Sample connections Gas Liquid Open-ended lines Gas Liquid "Use the following co POVA = Portable orga FPM = Fixed point mo	Equipment Type Equipment Type From Source Pump seals Packed Mechanical Double mechanical Compressor seals Flanges Valves Gas Liquid Pressure relief devices (gas or vapor only) Sample connections Gas Liquid Open-ended lines Gas Liquid 1 Use the following codes to designate of the power of the pow	Measured at Inches Detection Equipment Type From Source Device Measured at Inches Detection From Source Device Devic	Measured at Inches Detection Detection Detection Equipment Type from Source Device (per year) Pump seals Packed Mechanical Double mechanical Compressor seals Flanges Valves Gas Liquid Pressure relief devices (gas or vapor only) Sample connections Gas Liquid Open-ended lines Gas Liquid 1 Use the following codes to designate detection device: POVA = Portable organic vapor analyzer	Measured at Inches Detection Detection (days after from Source Device (per year) detection) Pump seals Packed

Vessel Roof of Stored (liters Rate Duration Diameter Height Volume Emission Flow Diameter Efficiency	[_]						Vessel	Vessel		Operat- ing					
¹ Use the following codes to designate vessel type: F = Fixed roof CIF = Contact internal floating roof NSC = Shoe-mounted secondary NCIF = Noncontact internal floating roof NSC = Shoe-mounted secondary NCIF = Rim-mounted, secondary NCIF = Rim-mounted secondary NCIF = Steemal floating roof NSC = Rim-mounted secondary NCIF = External floating roof NSC = Rim-mounted sheld NSC = Rim-mount		1	Roof	of Stored	(liters	Rate	Duration		Height	Volume	Emission,	Flow	Diameter	Efficiency	Bas fo Estin
F = Fixed roof CIF = Contact internal floating roof NS1 = Mechanical shoe, primary MS2 = Shoe—mounted secondary NCIF = Noncontact internal floating roof EFR = External floating roof F = Pressure vessel (indicate pressure rating) H = Horizontal U = Underground NS2 = Rim—mounted, secondary IM2 = Rim—mounted shield IM3 = Weather shield VM1 = Vapor mounted resilient filled seal, primary VM2 = Rim—mounted secondary VM3 = Weather shield Indicate weight percent of the listed substance. Include the total volatile organic content in parenthesis Other than floating roofs Gas/vapor flow rate the emission control device was designed to handle (specify flow rate units)													<u>\-</u>		
F = Fixed roof CIF = Contact internal floating roof NS1 = Mechanical shoe, primary MS2 = Shoe—mounted secondary NCIF = Noncontact internal floating roof EFR = External floating roof F = Pressure vessel (indicate pressure rating) H = Horizontal U = Underground NS2 = Rim—mounted, secondary IM2 = Rim—mounted shield IM3 = Weather shield VM1 = Vapor mounted resilient filled seal, primary VM2 = Rim—mounted secondary VM3 = Weather shield Indicate weight percent of the listed substance. Include the total volatile organic content in parenthesis Other than floating roofs Gas/vapor flow rate the emission control device was designed to handle (specify flow rate units)															
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H = Horizontal U = Underground VM1 = Vapor mounted resilient filled seal, primary VM2 = Rim-mounted secondary VMW = Weather shield Indicate weight percent of the listed substance. Include the total volatile organic content in parenthesis Other than floating roofs Gas/vapor flow rate the emission control device was designed to handle (specify flow rate units)		F CIF NCIF	= Fixed ro = Contact = Nonconta	internal flo	floating roo	of		MS2	= Sho R = Rim	e-mount ⊢mounte	ed seconda d, seconda	ry ry			
VM2 = Rim-mounted secondary VMW = Weather shield Indicate weight percent of the listed substance. Include the total volatile organic content in parenthesis Other than floating roofs Gas/vapor flow rate the emission control device was designed to handle (specify flow rate units)		F CIF NCIF EFR	= Fixed ro = Contact = Nonconta = External	internal floact internal line floating re	floating room		σ)	MS2 MS2 LM1	= Sho R = Rim = Liq	e-mount -mounte uid-mou	ed seconda d, seconda nted resil	ry ry	lled seal,	primary	
VMW = Weather shield ³ Indicate weight percent of the listed substance. Include the total volatile organic content in parenthesis ⁴ Other than floating roofs ⁵ Gas/vapor flow rate the emission control device was designed to handle (specify flow rate units)		F CIF NCIF EFR P H	= Fixed re = Contact = Nonconta = External = Pressure = Horizon	internal floact internal floating roe vessel (incomme	floating room		g)	MS2 MS2 LM1 LM2 LMW	= Sho R = Rim = Liq = Rim = Wea	e-mount -mounte uid-mou -mounte ther sh	ed seconda d, seconda nted resil d shield ield	ry ry ient fi	·		
Other than floating roofs Gas/vapor flow rate the emission control device was designed to handle (specify flow rate units)		F CIF NCIF EFR P H	= Fixed re = Contact = Nonconta = External = Pressure = Horizon	internal floact internal floating roe vessel (incomme	floating room		g)	MS2 MS21 LM1 LM2 LMW VM1	= Sho R = Rim = Liq = Rim = Wea = Vap	e-mount -mounte uid-mou -mounte ther sh or moun	ed seconda d, seconda nted resil d shield ield ted resili	ry ry ient fii ent fili	·		
⁵ Gas/vapor flow rate the emission control device was designed to handle (specify flow rate units)		F CIF NCIF EFR P H	= Fixed re = Contact = Nonconta = External = Pressure = Horizon	internal floact internal floating roe vessel (incomme	floating room		g)	MS2 MS21 LM1 LM2 LMW VM1 VM2	= Sho R = Rim = Liq = Rim = Wea = Vap = Rim	e-mount -mounte uid-mounte -mounte ther sh or moun -mounte	ed seconda d, seconda nted resil d shield ield ted resili d secondar	ry ry ient fii ent fili	·		
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⁶ Use the following codes to designate basis for estimate of control efficiency:		F CIF NCIF EFR P H U	= Fixed re = Contact = Nonconta = External = Pressure = Horizon = Undergre	internal floact internal l floating roe vessel (incommod	floating room of dicate pressu	ure ratin		MS2 MS2 LM1 LM2 LMW VM1 VM2 VM2	= Sho R = Rim = Liq = Rim = Wea = Vap = Rim = Wea	e-mount e-mounte uid-mounte ther sh or mount e-mounte ther sh	ed seconda d, seconda nted resil d shield ield ted resili d secondar ield	ry ry ient fi ent fil y	led seal,	primary	
		F CIF NCIF EFR P H U	= Fixed re = Contact = Nonconta = External = Pressure = Horizon = Undergre ate weigh	internal floact internal l floating ro e vessel (inc tal ound t percent of ating roofs	floating room of dicate presso the listed s	nre ratin	. Include	MS2 MS2 LM1 LM2 LMW VM1 VM2 VMW	= Sho R = Rim = Liq = Rim = Wea = Vap = Rim = Wea	e-mounte uid-mounte ther sh or mounte mounte ther sh ile org	ed seconda d, seconda nted resil d shield ield ted resili d secondar ield anic conte	ry ry ient fil ent fil y nt in p	led seal,	primary	

PART E	NON-ROU	TINE RELEASES				
10.23	was stop	the date and ped. If there releases.	time when the man were more than	elease occurre six releases,	d and when the re attach a continu	lease ceased or ation sheet and
	Release		Date tarted	Time (am/pm)	Date Stopped	Time (am/pm)
	1					
	2					
	3					-
	4	•				
	5	•				
	6					
10.24	Specify t	the weather co	nditions at the	time of each	release.	
	Release	Wind Speed (km/hr)	Wind Direction	Humidity (%)	Temperature (°C)	Precipitatio (Y/N)
	1					
	2					
	3					
	4					
	5					

[_]	Mark (X)	this	box	if you	attach	а	continuation	shee	t.			

APPENDTY	т.	Liet	٥f	Continuation Sheet	te
VL L DUDTV	1 4	1.1.5.1	(11	CONTINUATION SHEET	

Attach continuation sheets for sections of this form and optional information after this page. In column 1, clearly identify the continuation sheet by listing the question number to which it relates. In column 2, enter the inclusive page numbers of the continuation sheet for each question number.

Question Number (1)	Continuation Sheet Page Numbers (2)
4.02	1 To 8
9.06	9
9.12	
9-14	
9.19, 9.20	
	
	
	
•	-
	

MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET BRENDON HOUSING

Mobay Corporation A BRYSH USA MIC COMPANY



MOBAY CORPORATION Polyurethane Division Mobay Road

<u> Pittsburgh, PA</u> 15205-9741

ISSUE DATE BUPERBEDBB 3/20/89 1/2/89

TRANSPORTATION EMERGENCY: CALL CHEMTREC

TELEPHONE NO: 800-424-9300; DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA: 202-463-7616

MOBAY NON-TRANSPORTATION EMERGENCY NO.: (412) 923-1800

PRODUCT IDENTIFICATION

PRODUCT NAME....: Mondur TD-80 (All Grades)

PRODUCT CODE NUMBER....: E-002

CHEMICAL FAMILY....: Aromatic Isocyanate

CHEMICAL NAME....: Toluene Diisocyanate (TDI)

SYNONYMS....: Benzene, 1,3-diisocyanato methyl-

CAS NUMBER....: 26471-62-5

T.S.C.A, STATUS....; This product is listed on the TSCA Inventory.

OSHA HAZARD COMMUNICATION

STATUS....: This product is hazardous under the criteria of

the Federal OSHA Hazard Communication Standard 29 CFR 1910.1200.

CHEMICAL FORMULA..... $C_9H_6N_2O_2$

II. HAZARDOUS INGREDIENTS

COMPONENTS:	%:	OSHA-PEL	ACGIH-TLV
2,4-Toluene Diisocyanate* (TDI) CAS# 584-84-9	80	0.02 ppm STEL 0.005 ppm 8HR TWA	0.005 ppm TWA 0.02 ppm STEL
2,6-Toluene Diisocyanate* (TDI) CAS# 91-08-7	20	Not Established	Not Established

^{*}For Section 302 and 313 SARA information refer to Page 6, Section IX, SARA.

III. PHYSICAL DATA

APPEARANCE....: Liquid

COLOR.....: Water white to pale yellow

ODOR....: Sharp, pungent

ODOR THRESHOLD....: Greater than TLV of 0.005 ppm

MOLECULAR WEIGHT....:

Approx. 55°F (13°C) for TOI Approx. 484°F (251°C) for TDI Approx. 0.025 mmHg @ 77°F (25°C) for TDI MELT POINT/FREEZE POINT...:

BOILING PUINT....:

VAPOR PRESSURE....:

VAPOR DENSITY (AIR=1)....: 6.0 for TDI Not Applicable

1.22 0 770F (25°C) SPECIFIC GRAVITY....:

BULK DENSITY....: 10.18 1bs/gal

SOLUBILITY IN WATER....: Not Soluble. Reacts slowly with water at normal

room temperature to liberate CO, gas.

% VOLATILE BY VOLUME....: Negligible

> Product Code: E-002 Page 1 of 8

IV. FIRE & EXPLOSION DATA

protective clothing (such as rubber gloves, boots, bands around legs, arms and waist) should be worn by fire fighters. No skin surface should be exposed. During a fire, TDI vapors and other irritating, highly toxic gases may generated by thermal decomposition or combustion. (See Section VIII). At temperatures greater than 350 F (177 C) TDI forms carbodimides with the release of CO, which can cause pressure build-up in closed containers. Explosive rupture is possible. Therefore, use cold water to cool fire-exposed containers.

V. HUMAN HEALTH DATA

PRIMARY ROUTE(S) OF ENTRY.....: Inhalation. Skin contact from liquid, vapors or aerosols.

EFFECTS AND SYMPTOMS OF OVEREXPOSURE INHALATION

Acute Exposure. TDI vapors or mist at concentrations above the TLV can irritate (burning sensation) the mucous membranes in the respiratory tract (nose, throat, lungs) causing runny nose, sore throat, coughing, chest discomfort, shortness of breath and reduced lung function (breathing obstruction). Persons with a preexisting, nonspecific bronchial hyperreactivity can respond to concentrations below the TLV with similar symptoms as well as asthma attack. Exposure well above the TLV may lead to bronchitis, bronchial spasm and pulmonary edema (fluid in lungs). These effects are usually reversible. Chemical or hypersensitive pneumonitis, with flu-like symptoms (e.g., fever, chills), has also been reported. These symptoms can be delayed up to several hours after exposure.

Chronic Exposure. As a result of previous repeated overexposures or a single large dose, certain individuals may develop isocyanate sensitization (chemical asthma) which will cause them to react to a later exposure to isocyanate at levels well below the TLV. These symptoms, which can include chest tightness, wheezing, cough, shortness of breath or asthmatic attack, could be immediate or delayed up to several hours after exposure. Similar to many non-specific asthmatic responses, there are reports that once sensitized an individual can experience these symptoms upon exposure to dust, cold air or other irritants. This increased lung sensitivity can persist for weeks and in severe cases for several years. Chronic overexposure to isocyanate has also been reported to cause lung damage (including decrease in lung function) which may be permanent. Sensitization can either be temporary or permanent.

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y. HUMAN HEALTH DATA (Continued)

SKIN CONTACT Acute Exposure. Isocyanates react with skin protein and moisture and can cause irritation which may include the following symptoms: reddening, swelling, rash, scaling or blistering. Cured material is difficult to remove.

Chronic Exposure. Prolonged contact can cause reddening, swelling, rash, scaling, blistering, and, in some cases, skin sensitization. Individuals who have developed a skin sensitization can develop these symptoms as a result of contact with very small amounts of liquid material or as a result of exposure to vapor.

EYE CONTACT

Acute Exposure. Liquid, aerosols or vapors are severely irritating and can cause pain, tearing, reddening and swelling. If left untreated, corneal damage can occur and injury is slow to heal. However, damage is usually reversible. See Section VI for treatment.

Chronic Exposure. Prolonged vapor contact may cause conjunctivitis.

INGESTION

Acute Exposure. Can result in irritation and corrosive action in the mouth, stomach tissue and digestive tract. Symptoms can include sore throat, abdominal pain, nausea, vomiting and diarrhea.

Chronic Exposure. None Found

MEDICAL CONDITIONS

AGGRAVATED BY EXPOSURE ... Asthma, other respiratory disorders (bronchitis, emphysema, bronchial hyperreactivity), skin allergies, eczema.

CARCINOGENICITY..... No carcinogenic activity was observed in lifetime inhalation studies in rats and mice (International Isocyanate Institute).

NTP..... The National Toxicology Program reported that TDI caused an increase in the number of tumors in exposed rats over those counted in non-exposed rats. The TDI was administered in corn-oil and introduced into the stomach through a tube. Based on this study, the NTP has listed TDI as a substance that may reasonably be anticipated to be a carcinogen in its Fourth Annual Report on Carcinogens.

IARC..... IARC has announced that it will list TDI as a substance for which there is sufficient evidence for its carcinogenicity in experimental animals but inadequate evidence for the carcinogenicity of TDI to

humans (IARC Monograph 39).

OSHA..... Not listed.

EXPOSURE LIMITS

OSHA PEL..... 0.02 ppm STEL/0.005 ppm 8HR TWA for 2,4'-TDI ACGIH TLV..... 0.005 ppm TWA/0.02 ppm STEL

VI. EMERGENCY & FIRST AID PROCEDURES

EYE CONTACT..... Flush with copious amounts of water, preferably lukewarm for at least 15 minutes holding eyelids open all the time. Refer individual to physician or an ophthalmologist for immediate follow-up.

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VI. EMERGENCY & FIRST AID PROCEDURE (Continued)

SKIN CONTACT..... Remove contaminated clothing immediately. Wash affected areas thoroughly with soap and water for at least 15 minutes. Tincture of green soap and water is also effective in removing isocyanates. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly before reuse. For severe exposures, get under safety shower after removing clothing, then get medical attention. For lesser exposures, seek medical attention if irritation develops or persists after the area is washed. INHALATION..... Move to an area free from risk of further exposure. Administer oxygen or artificial respiration as needed. Obtain medical attention. Asthmatic-type symptoms may develop and may be immediate or delayed up to several hours. Consult physician. INGESTION...... Do not induce vomiting. Give 1 to 2 cups of milk or water to drink. DO NOT GIVE ANYTHING BY MOUTH TO AN UNCONSCIOUS PERSON. Consult physician. NOTE TO PHYSICIAN Eyes. Stain for evidence of corneal injury. If cornea is burned, instill antibiotic steroid preparation frequently. Workplace vapors have produced reversible corneal epithelial edema impairing vision. Skin. This compound is a known skin sensitizer. Treat symptomatically as for contact dermatitis or thermal burns. Ingestion. Treat symptomatically. There is no specific antidote. Inducing vomiting is contraindicated because of the irritating nature of this compound. Respiratory. This compound is a known pulmonary sensitizer. Treatment is essentially symptomatic. An individual having a skin or pulmonary sensitization reaction to this material should be removed from exposure to any isocyanate.

VII. EMPLOYEE PROTECTION RECOMMENDATIONS

EYE PROTECTION..... Liquid chemical goggles or full-face shield. Contact lenses should not be worn. If vapor exposure is causing irritation, use a full-face, air-supplied respirator. SKIN PROTECTION.....: Chemical resistant gloves (butyl rubber, nitrile rubber, polyvinyl alcohol). However, please note that PVA degrades in water. Cover as much of the exposed skin area as possible with appropriate clothing. If skin creams are used, keep the area covered only by the cream to a minimum. RESPIRATORY PROTECTION....: An approved positive pressure air-supplied respirator is required whenever TDI concentrations are not known or exceed the Short-Term Exposure or Ceiling Limit of 0.02 ppm or exceed the 8-hour Time Weighted Average TLV of 0.005 ppm. An approved air-supplied respirator with full facepiece must also be worn during spray application, even if exhaust ventilation is used. For emergency and other conditions where the exposure limits may be greatly exceeded, use an approved, positive pressure self-contained breathing apparatus. TDI has poor warning properties since the odor at which TDI can be smelled is substantially higher than 0.02 ppm. Observe OSHA regulations for respirator use (29 CFR 1910.134).

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VII. EMPLOYEE PROTECTION RECOMMENDATIONS (Continued)

VENTILATION.....: Local exhaust should be used to maintain levels below the TLV whenever TDI is handled, processed, or spray-applied. At normal room temperatures (70°F) TDI levels quickly exceed the TLV unless properly ventilated. Standard reference sources regarding industrial ventilation (e.g., ACGIH industrial Ventilation) should be consulted for guidance about adequate ventilation.

HONITORING......: TDI exposure levels must be monitored by accepted monitoring techniques to ensure that the TiV is not exceeded. (Contact Mobay for guidance). See Volume 1 (Chapter 17) and Volume 3 (Chapter 3) in Patty's Industrial Hygiene and Toxicology for sampling strategy.

MEDICAL SURVEILLANCE....: Medical supervision of all employees who handle or come in contact with TDI is recommended. These should include preemployment and periodic medical examinations with respiratory function tests (FEV, FVC as a minimum). Persons with asthmatic-type conditions, chronic bronchitis, other chronic respiratory diseases or recurrent skin eczema or sensitization should be excluded from working with TDI. Once a person is diagnosed as sensitized to TDI, no further exposure can be permitted.

OTHER..... Safety showers and eyewash stations should be available. Educate and train employees in safe use of product. Follow all

label instructions.

VIII. REACTIVITY DATA

STABILITY...... Stable under normal conditions.

POLYMERIZATION..... May occur if in contact with moisture or other materials which react with isocyanates. Self-reaction may occur at temperatures over 350 F (177 C) or at lower temperatures if sufficient time is involved. See Section IV.

INCOMPATIBILITY

(MATERIALS TO AVOID)....: Water, amines, strong bases, alcohols. Will cause some corrosion to copper alloys and aluminum. Reacts with water to form heat, CO₂ and insoluble ureas.

HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION

PRODUCTS...... By high heat and fire: carbon monoxide, oxides of nitrogen, traces of HCN, TDI vapors and mist.

IX. SPILL OR LEAK PROCEDURES

STEPS TO BE TAKEN IN CASE MATERIAL IS RELEASED OR SPILLED: Evacuate and ventilate spill area; dike spill to prevent entry into water system; wear full protective equipment, including respiratory equipment during clean-up. (See Section VII).

Major Spill: Call Mobay at 412/923-1800. If transportation spill, call CHEMTREC 800/424-9300. If temporary control of isocyanate vapor is required, a blanket of protein foam (available at most fire departments) may be placed over the spill. Large quantities may be pumped into closed, but not sealed, container for disposal.

Product Code: E-002 Page 5 of 8 IX. SPILL OR LEAK PROCEDURES (Continued)

Minor Spill: Absorb isocyanate with sawdust or other absorbent, shovel into suitable unsealed containers, transport to well-ventilated area (outside) and treat with neutralizing solution: mixture of water (80%) with non-ionic surfactant Tergitol TMN-10 (20%), or; water (90%), concentrated ammonia (3-8%) and detergent (2%). Add about 10 parts or neutralizer per part of isocyanate, with mixing. Allow to stand uncovered for 48 hours to let CO, escape. Clean-up: Decontaminate floor with decontamination solution letting stand for at least 15 minutes.

CERCLA (SUPERFUND) REPORTABLE QUANTITY: 100 pounds for TDI WASTE DISPOSAL METHOD....: Follow all federal, state or local regulations. TDI must be disposed of in a permitted incinerator or landfill. Incineration

: :

WASTE DISPOSAL METHOD....: Follow all federal, state or local regulations. TDI must be disposed of in a permitted incinerator or landfill. Incineration is the preferred method for liquids. Solids are usually incinerated or landfilled. Empty containers must be handled with care due to product residue. Decontaminate containers prior to disposal. Empty decontaminated containers should be crushed to prevent reuse. DO NOT HEAT OR CUT EMPTY CONTAINER WITH ELECTRIC OR GAS TORCH. (See Sections IV and VIII). Vapors and gases may be highly toxic.

SUPERFUND AMENDMENTS AND REAUTHORIZATION ACT (SARA), TITLE III:

Section 302 - Extremely Hazardous Substances: 2,4-Toluene Diisocyanate (TDI)

CAS# 584-84-9 = 80% 2.6-Toluene Diisocyanate (TDI) CAS# 91-08-7 = 20%

Section 313 - Toxic Chemicals: 2,4-Toluene Diisocyanate (TDI)

CAS# 584-84-9 = 80%

2,6-Toluene Diisocyanate (TDI)

CAS# 91-08-7 = 20%

X. SPECIAL PRECAUTIONS & STORAGE DATA

STORAGE TEMPERATURE

(MIN./MAX.)..... 70°F (21°C)/90°F (32°C)

AVERAGE SHELF LIFE.....: 12 months

SPECIAL SENSITIVITY

(HEAT, LIGHT, MOISTURE).: If container is exposed to high heat, 375°F (177°C) it can be pressurized and possibly rupture. TDI reacts slowly with water to form polyureas and liberates CO₂ gas. This gas can cause sealed containers to expand and possibly rupture.

PRECAUTIONS TO BE TAKEN

IN HANDLING AND STORING.: Store in tightly closed containers to prevent moisture contamination. Do not reseal if contamination is suspected. Prevent all contact. Do not breathe the vapors. Warning properties (irritation of the eyes, nose and throat or odor) are not adequate to prevent chronic overexposure from inhalation. This material can produce asthmatic sensitization upon either single inhalation exposure to a relatively high concentration or upon repeated inhalation exposures to lower concentrations. Exposure to vapors of heated TDI can be extremely dangerous. Employee education and training in safe handling of this product are required under the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard.

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XI. SHIPPING DATA

D.O.T. SHIPPING NAME....: Toluene Diisocyanate TECHNICAL SHIPPING NAME...: Toluene Diisocyanate (TDI) D.O.T. HAZARD CLASS.....: Polson B UN/NA NO....: UN 2078 PRODUCT RQ.....: 100 pounds D.O.T. LABELS....: Poison D.O.T. PLACARDS....: Poison FRT. CLASS BULK....: Toluene Diisocyanate FRT. CLASS PKG..... Chemicals, NOI (Toluene Diisocyanate) NMFC 60000 PRODUCT LABEL..... Mondur TD-80 Product Label

XII. AHIMAL TOXICITY DATA

ACUTE TOXICITY
ORAL, LD50......: Range of 4130-6170 mg/kg (Rats and Mice)
DERMAL, LD50......: Greater than 10,000 mg/kg (Rabbits)
INHALATION, LC50.(4 hr).: Range of 16-50 ppm (Rat), 10 ppm (Mouse),
11 ppm (Rabbit), 13 ppm (Guinea Pig).
EYE EFFECTS.....: Severe eye irritant capable of inducing corneal
opacity.
SKIN EFFECTS.....: Moderate skin irritant. Primary dermal
irritation score: 4.12/8.0 (Draize). However, repeated or prolonged

contact may culminate in severe skin irritation and/or corrosion.

SENSITIZATION....... Skin sensitizer in guinea pigs. One study using guinea pigs reported that repeated skin contact with TDI caused respiratory sensitization. Although poorly defined in experimental animal models, TDI is known to be a pulmonary sensitizer in humans. In addition, there is some evidence that cross-sensitization between different types of disocyanates may occur.

SUB-CHRONIC/CHRONIC TOXICITY: Sub-chronic and chronic animal studies show that the primary effects of inhaling vapors and/or aerosols of TDI are restricted to the pulmonary systems. Emphysema, pulmonary edema, pneumonitis and rhinitis are common pathologic effects. Extended exposures to as low as 0.1 ppm TDI have induces pulmonary inflammation.

OTHER

CARCINOGENICITY......: The NTP conducted carcinogenesis studies of a commercial grade TDI using rats and mice in which the test material was diluted in corn oil and administered by gavage. The investigators concluded that TDI was carcinogenic in male and female rats (fibrosarcomas, pancreatic adenomas, neoplastic liver nodules and mammary gland fibrosarcomas) and female mice (hemangiosarcomas and hepatocellular adenomas). However, chronic inhalation studies in which rats and mice were exposed to 0.05 and 0.15 ppm TDI (10-30 times recommended TLV, 8-hr level) induced no treatment-related tumorigenic effects. In these studies, both exposure levels produced extensive irritation to the nasal passages and upper respiratory system of the test animals indicating that suitable effective exposures were administered.

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XII. ANIMAL TOXICITY DATA (Continued)

MUTAGENICITY.....: TDI is positive in the Ames assay with activation. However, mammalian cell transformation assays using human lung cells and Syrian hamster kidney cells were negative, as were micronucleus tests using rats and mice.

TERATOGENICITY.....: Rats were exposed to an 80:20 mixture of 2,4-and 2,6-toluene disocyanate vapor at analytical concentrations of 0.021, 0.12 and 0.48 ppm. Minimal fetotoxicity was observed at a maternally toxic concentrations of 0.48 ppm. The NOEL for maternal and developmental toxicity was 0.12 ppm. No embryotoxicity or teratogenicity was observed.

AQUATIC TOXICITY....:

LC50 - 96 hr (static): Greater than 508 mg/liter (Grass shrimp)

LC50 - 24 hr (static): Greater than 500 mg/liter (Daphnia magna)

XIII. APPROVALS

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		<u>UR</u>		ł NUFA	CTURING PI	Soce ee	
	Labor Category	Number of Workers Exposed	Mode of Exposu (e.g., dire skin contac	ect	Physical State of Listed Substance	Average Length of Exposure Per Day ²	Number of Days per Year Exposed
		6	INHALATION	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	GU	D	245+
		5	INHALATION		<i>40</i>	D	245*
*	This is	MAXMUM (REA	4571C NUMBER	is	100 To 150	DAYS)	
1	GC = Gas (Gottemper GU = Gas (Utemper temper)	lowing codes for exposure: condensible acture and present and pres	essure) at ambient essure;	SY = AL = OL =	cal state of Sludge or sl Aqueous liqu Organic liqu Immiscible l (specify pha 90% water, 1	urry id id iquid ses, e.g.,	bstance at
2	Use the foll	lowing codes t	to designate ave	rage l	ength of expo	sure per day:	
	exceedin C = Greater	tes or less than 15 minut ng 1 hour than one hour ng 2 hours		E = 9	Greater than exceeding 4 hours of the Greater than exceeding 8 hours of the Greater than 8	ours 4 hours, but 1 ours	

_}	Process type Work area			PROCESS Z	
	Engineering Controls	Used (Y/N)	Year Installed	Upgraded (Y/N)	Year Upgraded
	Ventilation:				
	Local exhaust	N	NA	N	NA
	General dilution	у	1985	<u> </u>	44
	Other (specify)				
			<u> </u>	<u> </u>	NA
	Vessel emission controls	у	1975		KJA
	Mechanical loading or packaging equipment	N	NA	N	MA
	Other (specify)				
		<u>N</u>	MA	N	WA

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 $[\ \]$ Mark (X) this box if you attach a continuation sheet.

PART	D	PERSONAL.	PROTECTIVE	AND	SAFETY	ROUTPMENT
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9.14 CBI	in each work area in o	order to reduce or	eliminate their expost	or workers wear or use or the listed or for each process type
	Process type	URETHANE	MANUFACTURING	PROCESS
	Work area	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		2
	<u> I</u>	Equipment Types	Wear or Use (Y/N)	
	I	Respirators		
	5	Safety goggles/glas	ses <u>y</u>	
•	I	ace shields	<u> </u>	
•	(Coveralls	N	
	I	Bib aprons		
	C	Chemical-resistant	gloves	
	C	Other (specify)		
	-		NA	
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P	ART	E	WORK	PRA	CTI	CES
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CBI	Describe all of the work peliminate worker exposure authorized workers, mark a monitoring practices, proquestion and complete it s	to the listed suareas with warning vide worker train	bstance (e.g. g signs, insu ing programs,	, restrict en re worker det etc.). Phot	trance only to tection and tocopy this		
[_]	Process tune 1140	Trans & As of Alas	TACT OUNG	200000			
	Process type <u>URE</u>				 Z		
	Work area		•••••••				
	PROVIDE WORKER TR	AINING PROGRI	ł M				
9.20	Indicate (X) how often you perform each housekeeping task used to clean up routine leaks or spills of the listed substance. Photocopy this question and complete it separately for each process type and work area.						
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	Work area	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		2			
	Housekeeping Tasks	Less Than Once Per Day	1-2 Times Per Day	3-4 Times Per Day	More Than 4 Times Per Day		
		Less Than	1-2 Times	3-4 Times			
	Housekeeping Tasks	Less Than	1-2 Times	3-4 Times			
	Housekeeping Tasks Sweeping	Less Than Once Per Day	1-2 Times	3-4 Times			
	Housekeeping Tasks Sweeping Vacuuming	Less Than Once Per Day	1-2 Times	3-4 Times			
	Housekeeping Tasks Sweeping Vacuuming Water flushing of floors	Less Than Once Per Day	1-2 Times	3-4 Times	More Than 4 Times Per Day		
	Housekeeping Tasks Sweeping Vacuuming Water flushing of floors	Less Than Once Per Day	1-2 Times	3-4 Times			
	Housekeeping Tasks Sweeping Vacuuming Water flushing of floors	Less Than Once Per Day	1-2 Times	3-4 Times			
	Housekeeping Tasks Sweeping Vacuuming Water flushing of floors	Less Than Once Per Day	1-2 Times	3-4 Times			
	Housekeeping Tasks Sweeping Vacuuming Water flushing of floors	Less Than Once Per Day	1-2 Times	3-4 Times			

Adco Chemical Company 49 Rutherford Street P.O. Box 128 Newark, NJ 07101

Document Processing Center Office of Toxic Substances, TS-790 U.S. Environmental Protection Agence 401 M. Street Washington, DC 20460

Att: CAIR Reporting Office

